For Pub. after the Bye-Laws are incorporated in the printed vol.

A

File No. 349

Collection No.

1892.

Mysore Residency

Pros. / Serial Nos.

Page 1 to 5

Subject.

Bye-laws for the working of the municipal slaughter houses.

Previous References.

7526/89

Later References.

S. 97.

MGIPC—FP—52DCFMis.—(1783)—27-5-25—39,000.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Office Note.

FILE No. 349 of 1892

With letter No. 910 dated the 22nd October 1892, the President, Constantia Municipality forwards for formal approval bye-laws for the better working of the Slaughter Houses.

Draft in accordance with 1st Art. Resident's orders is submitted for approval.

Rule 12. A penalty is prescribed for any one who joins in any conspiracy, strike or compact, & abstains from slaughtering Cattle, Sheep or goats for sale. This seems unnecessary if not objectionable. If the President be satisfied of the existence of such a practice he has the power to revoke the licence of the offender & there is an end of the matter. Why should a man be compelled to slaughter animals for sale if he does not do so, otherwise be punished into the Police Court. A fine of the clause may be left out.

Rule 14. A fine of £50|- is prescribed. Section 224 of the Municipal Regulations which authorises framing

bye-laws limits the penalty to Rs 20/-
This penalty ought to be in addition to that
prescribed in the Contract bond, & if so,
it ought to be made clear in this rule (14).

Under the rules now proposed, the
existing bye-law No. 86 will be unnecessary
& may be cancelled. This bye-law is
as follows:-

"He (the Market Serjeant) will daily
"inspect the Cattle that are to be slaughtered
"in the public abattories and prevent
"the slaughtering any diseased or sickly
"animal. The Mootsuddy will assist him
"in this duty & be under his orders.
"He will take a note of the number of
"cattle slaughtered daily and include
"it in his Weekly report."

It may perhaps be useful
to obtain the rules if any, in force
in Madras & Poona in this matter.

Submitted.

H.
28.10.92

The Municipal Office does not appear to have looked into this matter at all

Provision is made in rule 12 for which no provision at all exists in the Municipal Regulations - namely the penalty prescribed for joining a conspiracy ch—

By-law No 86 became clearly unnecessary if these Rules are passed.

Lieut-Col Jr Jones Gordon

K/ 3.11.92

Sanction for publication

Excluding the insertion of any reference to Conspiracy ch— from Rule 12

fee cannot be levied & Rs 20 a
head due in the 2ice Bill
2pt accordingly & P. Wks may
kindly Bye Laws &c. with draft
Recommended when Govt sanction.
are approved.

[illegible] 4/11

Draft submitted for approval.

HS
5-11-93

Letter issued - Dl. No. 2.

With letter No. 1598 of 3rd March 1893 Dl. No. 3
the President, Municipal Committee
forwards for confirmation bye-laws for the
working of the slaughter Houses.

It is reported that the formalities
required by Sec: 226 of the Municipal
Regulations have been complied with & the
the suggestions made in clauses i & ii
of para 1 of Dl. No. 2 having been adopted,
the bye-laws may, if approved, be
confirmed.

In the last clause of para 17 of
the bye-laws as originally submitted,

provision was made for slaughtering without payment any fee one sheep or goat per head during the annual car procession of Poothialamma. The word head is now changed into house & the alteration appears to be good & proper.

It is presumed that no criticisms have been received on the bye-laws otherwise they would have been submitted as desired in Dl. No. 2.

The President has taken no steps for cancelling the existing bye-law No. 86 as requested in Dl. No. 2. It is necessary in this connection to comply with the formalities of Sec. 226 of the Regulations. The President's attention may be drawn to this fact when confirmation of the bye-laws is communicated to him.

Draft submitted for approval.

A.S.
10-3-43

No. 910 + 2 Enc S.M.

CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

Municipal Office, 22 October 1892

RESIDENT'S OFFICE BANGALORE No. 4018 D/-26/10/92

From

THE PRESIDENT,
MUNICIPAL COMMISSION,
CIVIL & MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

To First
The Assistant to the Resident in Mysore,
BANGALORE.

Sir,

I have the honor to forward copy of a Resolution of the Municipal Commissioners, No: 10, dated 24 September 1892, together with draft Rules for the better working of the Municipal Slaughter Houses, adopted by the Commissioners, and to request that you will be so good as to obtain the Resident's formal approval thereto, to allow of their being printed and published, as

2

required by Section 226 of the
Municipal Regulations of 1883.

I have the honour to be
Sir
Your most obedient servant

J. M. O'Grady

President

WD

Abstract of Proceedings of the Proceedings of the Municipal Commissioners, for the Town Station of Bangalore, dated 24th September 1892—

× × × ×

10. Read. Report of the Sub-Committee recommending the adoption of Draft Bye-laws for the better working of the Slaughter Houses.

With the addition of the following relative to the Sale of Skins in the Slaughter House - the Bye-Laws are approved and passed, and will be Sent up to the Resident for Sanction.

"No barter shall take place inside the Slaughter Houses for the Skins of animals Slaughtered, all Skins shall be disposed of in Stalls provided by the Municipal Commissioners, for the purpose, and attached to the Slaughter houses, (a monthly rental as may be fixed by the President being paid in advance by the Skin or leather merchants or others occupying the Stalls) or disposed of in any other place outside the Slaughter Houses, and removed at once to the Tanneries. Stall rent bills shall be duly forwarded from

from the office of Collector of Taxes to the Veterinary Inspector who shall recover the rents and remit the same to the office of the Collector of Taxes at the beginning of each month. The occupant of any Stall failing to pay the rent in advance shall be "ejected immediately."

(Sgd) Mrs. D Nagnath
President

Copy
D Nagnath
President
MD

Bye-laws framed under Section 179 and 180 A of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1883, in Connection with the Municipal Slaughter Houses, and the Slaughtering of animals for Sale or food, or for religious festivals or Ceremonies.

The Veterinary Inspector in the employ of the Civil & Military Station Municipality shall be in immediate charge of the Municipal Slaughter Houses in the Civil & Military Station of Bangalore, and shall see that no diseased cattle, camels, sheep, goats or Pigs, are slaughtered therein for food, or their Carcasses removed to the Municipal Markets or other recognized or licensed places, for Sale.

2. The Veterinary Inspector shall carefully inspect each and every animal brought for slaughter daily, whether for private Consumption or Sale to the public, and Satisfy himself

Limeal of that such annuals are perfectly healthy before he admits them into the Slaughter Houses.

3. The Veterinary Inspector shall also examine the Carcases of animals slaughtered in the Slaughter Houses, and shall destroy or bury, at such time and place as may be appointed by the President, any Carcase or Organ, or any part of any carcase that he may find diseased and unfit for human Caisumption as wholesome food with the previous Sanction of the President or any other officer of the Municipality as the President may appoint on this behalf. The orders of the President in the matter shall be final.

4. Cattle brought for Slaughter for the day shall, after the Veterinary Inspector has inspected & passed them as healthy, be admitted into the Bullock Slaughter House between

between the hours of 7 and 9 a. m, and tethered there till 12 noon.

5. Sheep and Goats shall be admitted into the Sheep Slaughter House, after they also have been inspected and passed as healthy by the Veterinary Inspector between the hours of 2 and 4 P.M.

6. No animal shall be admitted into the Bullock or Sheep Slaughter House, or Slaughtered Either before or after the hours fixed for their admission and Slaughter without an order from the President, or, during his absence, from the Vice-President.

7. The fees payable to the Contractor by owners of animals brought and admitted into the Slaughter Houses, for Slaughter, shall be as follows, Subject to any future alterations by the Municipal Commissioners

For Each Camel —— 1 Rupee
—do— Bullock —— 8 annas.
—do— Cow —— 8 annas
—do— Buffalo —— 8 annas
—do— Calf —— 8 annas

For each Sheep ——— 3annas
——do—— Goat ——— 3annas
——do—— Pig ——— 2annas.

8. The hours for Slaughtering Cattle shall be from 12 noon to 7 P.M. Sheep and goats from 2 to 7 P.M, and Pigs from 5 to 10 A.M, after which hours the Slaughter Houses shall be cleared of the Skins of all cattle, Sheep and goats, and the offal of all animals slaughtered, in order that the Contractor's Servants may commence removing all refuse therefrom, and otherwise attending to the cleanliness of the Slaughter Houses.

9. The Carcasses of all animals killed in the Bullock and Sheep Slaughter Houses shall be removed to the Hanging Rooms attached to them respectively, and shall be kept there till 6 A.M. the following day. This rule will not apply to the carcasses of animals slaughtered for immediate use on special occasions

occasions, such as public entertainments, Marriages, festivals &c, or those intended for despatch by the night train, or for supply to such place or places for which the President's special permission has been obtained.

10. The Veterinary Inspector shall stamp all carcasses before they are removed from the Hanging Rooms to the Stalls in the Municipal markets, Regimental lines or licenced meat shops in the Station, in token that they were passed out of the Slaughter Houses as fit for food. Market Servants shall be careful to see that all carcasses brought for Sale to the markets in their charge, bear the Slaughter House Stamp. The Conservancy overseers of divisions in which there may be Regimental Stalls, or meat shops, shall do likewise where and whenever practicable. Both Market Servants & Conservancy overseers shall report every case in which

which a carcass does not bear the said stamp and shall, at the same time, forward any explanation which the person in possession of such carcass may offer for the orders of the President.

11. No barter shall take place inside the Slaughter Houses for the skins of animals slaughtered. All skins shall be disposed of in stalls provided by the Municipal Commissioners for the purpose, and attached to the Slaughter Houses, (a monthly rental as may be fixed by the President being paid in advance by the skin or leather merchants, or others, occupying the stalls), or disposed of in any other place outside the Slaughter Houses, and removed at once to the Tanneries. Stall Rent bills shall be duly forwarded from the Office of Collector of Taxes to the Veterinary Inspector, who shall recover the rents,

and

and remit the Same to the Office of Collector of Taxes at the beginning of each month. The occupant of any stall failing to pay the rent in advance shall be ejected immediately.

12. Any person who slaughters any cattle, sheep, goat or Pig which has not been inspected and passed by the Veterinary Inspector, or slaughters before or after the hours fixed for the purpose; or removes any carcase before 6 a.m. to the Markets or to any other recognized or licensed places of Sale, or to his house (or who joins in any Conspiracy, Strike or Compact and abstains from Slaughtering cattle, Sheep or goats, for Sale in the Markets or other recognized or licensed places of Sale to the public) or who opens any opposition or resistance to the Veterinary Inspector or his peons, the Contractor or his Servants,

or

or to the Market Servants or their peons, or to the Conservancy Overseers in the execution of their duty, shall be liable, on Conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20.

13. The Veterinary Inspector shall further see that the following Conditions are strictly observed by the Slaughter House Contractor.

(a) That the Contractor shall maintain the full Conservancy Establishment stipulated upon in his Contract bond, for the removal of blood and all other refuse, and for the proper Sanitation of the Slaughter Houses.

(b) That the Contractor shall cause to be removed and carted away daily, between the hours of 7.30 P.M and 6 A.M, all Collections of blood and refuse of animals slaughtered.

(c) That the Contractor shall provide a regular daily and

and Sufficient supply of clean water, the cisterns in the Enclosure of the Slaughter Houses being always kept full, So that there may be no cause for complaints of inadequancy of water, for cleaning the carcasses and Slaughter Houses.

(d) That the Contractor shall also provide clean & dry Sand to be strewn on the floor of the Slaughter House yards.

(e) That the Contractor shall not levy or receive any fees for Slaughtering, other than those prescribed and authorized by Section 7 of these Bye-Laws

14. Any infringement by the Contractor of any of the foregoing Conditions, or those of his Contract bond, or of any other Conditions that may be imposed upon him from time to time by the President of the Municipal Commission of the Civil & Military Station of Bangalore, shall render the said Contractor liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees 50/- for Each

Each offence, on to his Contract being annulled by the President.

15. The Veterinary Inspector shall inspect the Slaughter Houses daily between the hours of 6 and 7 a. m, and furnish a report to the President by 12 noon of the result of such inspection.

16. No carcass or any portion of a carcass of any Cattle, Sheep, Goat or Pig, Slaughtered outside the limits of the Civil & Military Station of Bangalore shall be sold in any of the Municipal Markets, or any part of the said Station, by the owner, or person in possession thereof, without such Carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector and the prescribed fee being paid to the Contractor for the same, and whoever is found in possession of, or vending, such carcass, or any portion thereof, in Contravention of these provisions, shall

be

be liable, on Conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs 20.

17. Under the authority already granted by the President, the Veterinary Inspector shall issue permits to any person applying for permission to Slaughter Cattle, Sheep or goats within the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, without licence, or without payment of any fee; for the purpose of the following festivals or religious Ceremonies, as provided for in Section 18a A. of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1883, on Such applicant furnishing sufficient grounds for the indulgence sought, and the Veterinary Inspector shall note in the Slaughter House Return, on Each and Every occasion that such permission is given, the name and residence of the person to whom a permit has been issued, and the number of Cattle, Sheep or goats

goats allowed to be slaughtered.

Dasara. (Hindus only) one sheep or goat per house to any one individual or to any one member of a family, for two days only

Akkika. (Hindus or Mahomedans) The ceremony connected with shaving the head of a child for the first time.

Male child - Two sheep or goats

Female child - one sheep or goat.

Sadkha. (Hindus or Mahomedans) Vow by or for a sick person - Cattle, Sheep or goats, not exceeding one of any description of cattle, or four either of sheep or goats.

Mannath (Hindustani) or Arbie - (Kanarese) - (Hindus or Mahomedans). In fulfilment of a vow made by or for a sick person - Cattle Sheep or goats, not exceeding one of any description of cattle, or four either of sheep or goats.

Bakkid - (Mahomedans only) Camel, cattle, Sheep or goats, not exceeding one of any description

of

of cattle, or one Sheep or goat per head to any one individual, or to any one member of a family, for three days

The annual car procession of Maathialamma (Hindus only) one sheep or goat per head.

Second day of Pongal or Sankaranthi - (Hindus only) one Sheep or goat per hamlet.

18. Any person who may require any number of cattle, sheep or goats, for slaughter, in excess of that given for any of the purposes mentioned in the foregoing Section (17) shall obtain a Permit from the Veterinary Inspector, and pay the prescribed fee to the Contractor for such number in excess of that allowed. Whoever without such permit and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any cattle, sheep or goats, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding

Rupees

Rupees 20, for every such animal slaughtered, together with the amount of fee payable to the Contractor.

19. "No cattle, sheep, goat or pig shall be slaughtered within the limits of the Civil & Military Station of Bangalore, for the purpose of any Ceremony on account of the prevalence of any epidemic, without a permit being obtained from the Veterinary Inspector, on payment of the prescribed fee to the Contractor. Whoever without such permit and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any animal for such purpose, shall be liable, on Conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20/. for every such animal slaughtered, together with the amount of fee payable to the Contractor.

H.V.D. Asmith

President

WD

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No. S.N. 2.

[DRAFT]—For approval.

No. 3620 / 3492.

Dated 8th Nov 1892. To The President, Municipal Commission,

& Municipality of Bangalore

Sir,

In reply to your letter No. 910 dated the 22nd October 1892, I am directed to say that the Resident approves the proposed bye-laws for the working of the Municipal Slaughter Houses, with the following modifications: —

(i) In Rule 12, omit the words "or who joins in any conspiracy, "strike or compact, and abstains "from slaughtering cattle, sheep or "goats, for sale in the markets, or "other recognized or licensed places "of sale to the public"

(ii) In rule 14, the amount of fine prescribed should be altered

from Rs 50/- to Rs 20/- in accordance with Sec: 224 of the Municipal Regulations

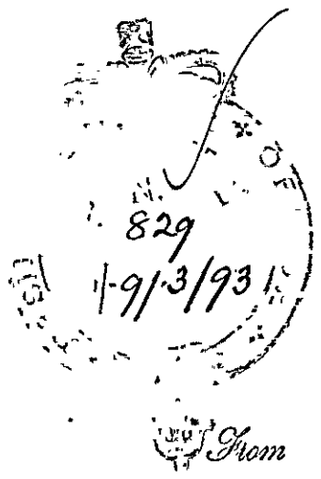
(iii) The existing municipal bye-law 86 should be cancelled.

2. I am to request that the formalities required by Section 226 of the Regulations may be complied with in respect of these rules as now approved, & the rules submitted for confirmation together with any criticisms that may be made on them to me.

I have, &c.

First Asstt Resident

Ms.
5.11.92



No. 1598 Enc: 3 S.No 3
Pa/o 1

CIVIL AND MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

Municipal Office, 3rd *March* 1893.

From

THE PRESIDENT,
MUNICIPAL COMMISSION,
CIVIL & MILITARY STATION,
BANGALORE.

To

The First Assistant to the Resident in Mysore,
BANGALORE.

× 3 Copies herewith sent.

1.2

Sir,

I have the honor to acknowledge the receipt of your letter no: 3620/349.92 dated 8th November 1892 and in reply to inform you that the proposed Bye Laws for the working of the Slaughter Houses, have been published in the local papers, as required by Section 226 Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1883, and to request that you will be so good as to obtain the Resident's confirmation to the same at your earliest convenience.

I have the honor to be
Sir,
Your most obdt Servt.

President

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

—:o:—

No. 1349, Dated 21st January 1893.

THE following Bye-Laws framed by the Municipal Commissioners for the Civil and Military Station of Bangaloré, under Section 179 and 180A. of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1883, in connection with the Municipal Slaughter Houses and the slaughtering of animals for sale or food, or for religious festivals or ceremonies, are published for general information :—

1. The Veterinary Inspector in the employ of the Civil and Military Station Municipality, shall be in immediate charge of the Municipal Slaughter Houses in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and see that no diseased Cattle, Camels, Sheep, Goats or Pigs, are slaughtered therein for food, or their carcasses removed to the Municipal Markets or other recognised or licensed places, for sale.

2. The Veterinary Inspector shall carefully inspect each and every animal brought for slaughter daily, whether for private consumption or sale to the public, and satisfy himself that such animals are perfectly healthy before he admits them into the Slaughter Houses.

3. The Veterinary Inspector shall also examine the carcasses of animals slaughtered in the Slaughter Houses, and shall destroy or bury at such time and place as may be appointed by the President, any carcass or organ, or any part of any carcass that he may find diseased and unfit for human consumption as wholesome food with the previous sanction of the President or any other Officer of the Municipality as the President may appoint on this behalf. The orders of the President in the matter shall be final.

4. Cattle brought for slaughter for the day shall, after the Veterinary Inspector has inspected and passed them as healthy, be admitted into the Bullock Slaughter House, between the hours of 7 and 9 A. M. and tethered there till 12 noon.

5. Sheep and Goats shall be admitted into the Sheep Slaughter House, after they also have been inspected and passed as healthy by the Veterinary Inspector, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M.

6. No animal shall be admitted into the Bullock or Sheep Slaughter House, or slaughtered either before or after the hours fixed for their admission and slaughter without an order from the President, or during his absence from the Vice-President.

7. The fees payable to the Contracter by owners of animals brought and admitted into the Slaughter Houses, for slaughter, shall be as follows, subject to any future alteration by the Municipal Commissioners :—

For each	Camel	... ...	1 rupee.
Do.	Bullock	... ...	8 annas.
Do.	Cow	... ...	8 do
Do.	Buffalo	... ...	8 do
Do.	Calf	... ...	8 do
Do.	Sheep	... ...	3 do
Do.	Goat	... ...	3 do
Do.	Pig	... ...	2 do

8. The hours for slaughtering Cattle shall be from 12 noon to 7 P. M., Sheep and Goats from 2 to 7 P. M., and Pigs from 5 to 10 A. M., after which hours the Slaughter Houses shall be cleared of the skins of all Cattle, Sheep and Goats, and the offal of all animals slaughtered, in order that the Contractor's servants may commence removing all refuse therefrom, and otherwise attending to the cleanliness of the Slaughter Houses.

9. The carcasses of all animals killed in the Bullock and Sheep Slaughter Houses shall be removed to the Hanging Rooms attached to them respectively, and shall be kept there till 6. A. M. the following day. This rule will not apply to carcasses of animals slaughtered for immediate use on special occasions, such as public entertainments, marriages, festivals, &c., or those intended for despatch by the night train, or for supply to such place or places for which the President's special permission has been obtained.

10. The Veterinary Inspector shall stamp all carcasses before they are removed from the Hanging Rooms to the Stalls in the Municipal Markets, Regimental Lines or licensed Meat Shops in the Station, in token that they were passed out of the Slaughter Houses as fit for food. Market Sergeants shall be careful to see that all carcasses brought for sale to the Markets in their charge, bear the Slaughter House Stamp. The Conservancy Overseers of Divisions in which there may be Regimental Stalls, or Meat Shops, shall do likewise where and whenever practicable. Both Market Sergeants and Conservancy Overseers shall report every case in which a carcass does not bear the said Stamp and shall, at the same time, forward any explanation which the person in possession of such carcass may offer for the orders of the President.

11. No barter shall take place inside the Slaughter Houses for the skins of animals slaughtered. All skins shall be disposed of in Stalls provided by the Municipal Commissioners for the purpose and attached to the Slaughter Houses (a monthly rental as may be fixed by the President being paid in advance by the skin or leather merchants or others occupying the Stalls) or disposed of in any other place outside the Slaughter Houses and removed at once to the Tanneries. Stall rent bills shall be duly forwarded from the Office of Collector of Taxes to the Veterinary Inspector, who shall recover the rents and remit the same to the office of the Collector of Taxes at the beginning of each month. The occupant of any Stall failing to pay the rent in advance shall be ejected immediately.

12. Any person who slaughters any Cattle, Sheep, Goat or Pig which has not been inspected and passed by the Veterinary Inspector, or slaughters before or after the hours fixed for the purpose, or removes any carcass before 6 A. M. to the Markets, or to any other recognised or licensed places of sale, or to his house, or who offers any opposition or resistance to the Veterinary Inspector or his peons, the Contractor or his servants or to the Market Sergeants or their peons, or to the Conservancy Overseers in the execution of their duty, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20.

(To be continued.)

H. M. S. MAGRATH,
President.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

—:o:—

No 1349, Dated 21st January 1893.

(Concluded from our last Issue.)

13. The Veterinary Inspector shall further see that the following conditions are strictly observed by the Slaughter House Contractor :—

(a) That the Contractor shall maintain the full Conservancy Establishment stipulated upon in his Contract Bond, for the removal of blood and all other refuse, and for the proper sanitation of the Slaughter Houses.

(b) That the Contractor shall cause to be removed and carted away daily, between the hours of 7-30 P.M. and 6 A.M. all collections of blood and refuse of animals slaughtered.

(c) That the Contractor shall provide a regular daily and sufficient supply of clean water, the cisterns in the enclosures of the Slaughter Houses being always kept full, so that there may be no cause for complaints of inadequacy of water, for cleaning the carcasses and Slaughter Houses.

(d) That the Contractor shall also provide clean and dry sand to be strewn on the floor of the Slaughter House yards.

(e) That the Contractor shall not levy or receive any fees for slaughtering, other than those prescribed and authorised by Section 7 of these Bye-Laws.

14. Any infringement by the Contractor of any of the foregoing conditions, or those of his contract bond, or of any other conditions that may be imposed upon him from time to time by the President of the Municipal Commission of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, shall render the said Contractor liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20 for each offence, or to his contract being annulled by the President.

15. The Veterinary Inspector shall inspect the Slaughter Houses daily between the hours of 6 and 7 a.m., and furnish a report to the President by 12 noon of the result of such inspection.

16. No carcass or any portion of a carcass of any Cattle, Sheep, Goat or Pig slaughtered outside the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, shall be sold in any of the Municipal Markets, or any part of the said Station, by the owner, or person in possession thereof, without such carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector and the prescribed fee being paid to the Contractor for the same; and whoever is found in possession of, or vending such carcass, or any portion thereof, in contravention of these provisions, shall be liable, on conviction, before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20.

17. Under the authority already granted by the President, the Veterinary Inspector shall issue Permits to any person applying for permission to slaughter Cattle, Sheep or Goats within the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore without license, or without payment of any fee, for the purpose of the following festivals, or religious ceremonies, as provided for in Section 180A. of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1883, on such applicant furnishing sufficient grounds for the indulgence sought, and the Veterinary Inspector shall note in the Slaughter House Return, on each and every occasion that such permission is given, the name and residence of the person to whom a Permit has been issued, and the number of Cattle, Sheep or Goats allowed to be slaughtered.

Dassara.—(Hindus only) one Sheep or Goat per house to any one individual or to any one member of a family, for two days only.

Akkika.—(Hindus or Mahomedans)—The ceremony connected with shaving the head of a child for the first time.

Male child—Two Sheep or Goats.

Female child—One Sheep or Goat.

Sadkha.—(Hindus or Mahomedans)—Vow by or for a sick person—Cattle, Sheep or Goat, not exceeding one of any description of Cattle, or four either of Sheep or Goats.

Mannath.—(Hindustani) or *Arkie* (Kanarese) (Hindus or Mahomedans)—In fulfilment of a vow made by or for a sick person—Cattle, Sheep or Goats, not exceeding one of any description of Cattle, or four either of Sheep or Goats.

Bakrid.—(Mahomedans only)—Camel, Cattle, Sheep or Goats, not exceeding one of any description of Cattle, or one Sheep or Goat, per head to any one individual, or to any one member of a family for three days.

The annual car procession of Moothialamma (Hindus only)—One Sheep or Goat per house: Second day of Pongal or Sankarathri (Hindus only)—one Sheep or Goat per house.

18. Any person who may require any number of Cattle, Sheep or Goats, for slaughter, in excess of that given for any of the purposes mentioned in the foregoing Section (17,) shall obtain a Permit from the Veterinary Inspector, and pay the prescribed fee to the Contractor, for such number in excess of that allowed. Whoever, without such Permit, and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any Cattle, Sheep or Goats, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs.20 for every such animal slaughtered, together with the amount of fee payable to the Contractor.

19. No Cattle, Sheep, Goat or Pig shall be slaughtered within the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for the purpose of any ceremony on account of the prevalence of any epidemic, without a Permit being obtained from the Veterinary Inspector, on payment of the prescribed fee to the Contractor. Whoever, without such Permit, and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any animal for such purpese, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20 for every such animal slaughtered, together with the amount of fee payable to the Contractor.

H. M. S. MAGRATH,
President.

RESIDENT'S OFFICE.

Serial No.

[DRAFT]—For approval.

No. 884 / 349-92

Dated 13 March 1893

To

The President, Municipal Commissioner
for the Station of Bangalore

Sir,

In reply to your letter No. 1598
dated the 3rd March 1893, I am
directed to state that, under Section
225 of the Bangalore Municipal
Regulations of 1883, the Resident
confirms the appended bye-laws
which have been framed by
the Municipal Commissioner
under Secs. 179 & 180. A of the Regulations

2. I am to invite attention
to Clause iii para 1 of my letter
No. 3620 / 349-92 of the 8th November 1892
& to ask that the necessary steps
may

may be taken to have the existing

bye-law No. 86 cancelled.

I have, &c

Irish Asst Registrar

AL
10-3-93

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

Bye-laws

No. 1349, DATED 21st JANUARY 1893.

THE following Bye-Laws framed by the Municipal Commissioners for the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, under Section 179 and 180A. of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1883, in connection with the Municipal Slaughter Houses and the slaughtering of animals for sale or food, or for religious festivals or ceremonies, are published for general information:—

1. The Veterinary Inspector in the employ of the Civil and Military Station Municipality, shall be in immediate charge of the Municipal Slaughter Houses in the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, and see that no diseased Cattle, Camels, Sheep, Goats or Pigs, are slaughtered therein for food, or their carcasses removed to the Municipal Markets or other recognised or licensed places, for sale.

2. The Veterinary Inspector shall carefully inspect each and every animal brought for slaughter daily, whether for private consumption or sale to the public, and satisfy himself that such animals are perfectly healthy before he admits them into the Slaughter Houses.

3. The Veterinary Inspector shall also examine the carcasses of animals slaughtered in the Slaughter Houses, and shall destroy or bury at such time and place as may be appointed by the President, any carcass or organ, or any part of any carcass that he may find diseased and unfit for human consumption as wholesome food with the previous sanction of the President or any other Officer of the Municipality as the President may appoint on this behalf. The orders of the President in the matter shall be final.

4. Cattle brought for slaughter for the day shall, after the Veterinary Inspector has inspected and passed them as healthy, be admitted into the Bullock Slaughter House, between the hours of 7 and 9 A. M. and tethered there till 12 noon.

5. Sheep and Goats shall be admitted into the Sheep Slaughter House, after they also have been inspected and passed as healthy by the Veterinary Inspector, between the hours of 2 and 4 P. M.

6. No animal shall be admitted into the Bullock or Sheep Slaughter House, or slaughtered either before or after the hours fixed for their admission and slaughter without an order from the President, or during his absence from the Vice-President.

7. The fees payable to the Contracter by owners of animals brought and admitted into the Slaughter Houses, for slaughter, shall be as follows, subject to any future alteration by the Municipal Commissioners :—

For each	Camel	... ...	1 rupee.
Do.	Bullock	... ...	8 annas.
Do.	Cow	... ...	8 do
Do.	Buffalo	... ...	8 do
Do.	Calf	... ...	8 do
Do.	Sheep	... ...	8 do
Do.	Goat	... ...	3 do
Do.	Pig	... ...	3 do
		... ...	2 do

8. The hours for slaughtering Cattle shall be from 12 noon to 7 P. M., Sheep and Goats from 2 to 7 P. M., and Pigs from 5 to 10 A. M., after which hours the Slaughter Houses shall be cleared of the skins of all Cattle, Sheep and Goats, and the offal of all animals slaughtered, in order that the Contractor's servants may commence removing all refuse therefrom, and otherwise attending to the cleanliness of the Slaughter Houses.

9. The carcasses of all animals killed in the Bullock and Sheep Slaughter Houses shall be removed to the Hanging Rooms attached to them respectively, and shall be kept there till 6. A. M. the following day. This rule will not apply to carcasses of animals slaughtered for immediate use on special occasions, such as public entertainments, marriages, festivals, &c., or those intended for despatch by the night train, or for supply to such place or places for which the President's special permission has been obtained.

10. The Veterinary Inspector shall stamp all carcasses before they are removed from the Hanging Rooms to the Stalls in the Municipal Markets, Regimental Lines or licensed Meat Shops in the Station, in token that they were passed out of the Slaughter Houses as fit for food. Market Sergeants shall be careful to see that all carcasses brought for sale to the Markets in their charge, bear the Slaughter House Stamp. The Conservancy Overseers of Divisions in which there may be Regimental Stalls, or Meat Shops, shall do likewise where and whenever practicable. Both Market Sergeants and Conservancy Overseers shall report every case in which a carcass does not bear the said Stamp and shall, at the same time, forward any explanation which the person in possession of such carcass may offer for the orders of the President.

11. No barter shall take place inside the Slaughter Houses for the skins of animals slaughtered. All skins shall be disposed of in Stalls provided by the Municipal Commissioners for the purpose and attached to the Slaughter Houses (a monthly rental as may be fixed by the President being paid in advance by the skin or leather merchants or others occupying the Stalls) or disposed of in any other place outside the Slaughter Houses and removed at once to the Tanneries. Stall rent bills shall be duly forwarded from the Office of Collector of Taxes to the Veterinary Inspector, who shall recover the rents and remit the same to the office of the Collector of Taxes at the beginning of each month. The occupant of any Stall failing to pay the rent in advance shall be ejected immediately.

12. Any person who slaughters any Cattle, Sheep, Goat or Pig which has not been inspected and passed by the Veterinary Inspector, or slaughters before or after the hours fixed for the purpose, or removes any carcass before 6 A. M. to the Markets, or to any other recognised or licensed places of sale, or to his house, or who offers any opposition or resistance to the Veterinary Inspector or his peons, the Contractor or his servants or to the Market Sergeants or their peons, or to the Conservancy Overseers in the execution of their duty, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20.

(To be continued.)

H. M. S. MACRATH,
President.

MUNICIPAL NOTICE.

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No. 1349, Dated 21st January 1893.

(Concluded from our last Issue.)

13. The Veterinary Inspector shall further see that the following conditions are strictly observed by the Slaughter House Contractor :—

(a) That the Contractor shall maintain the full Conservancy Establishment stipulated upon in his Contract Bond, for the removal of blood and all other refuse, and for the proper sanitation of the Slaughter Houses.

(b) That the Contractor shall cause to be removed and carted away daily, between the hours of 7-30 P.M. and 6 A.M. all collections of blood and refuse of animals slaughtered.

(c) That the Contractor shall provide a regular daily and sufficient supply of clean water, the cisterns in the enclosures of the Slaughter Houses being always kept full, so that there may be no cause for complaints of inadequacy of water, for cleaning the carcasses and Slaughter Houses.

(d) That the Contractor shall also provide clean and dry sand to be strewn on the floor of the Slaughter House yards.

(e) That the Contractor shall not levy or receive any fees for slaughtering, other than those prescribed and authorised by Section 7 of these Bye-Laws.

14. Any infringement by the Contractor of any of the foregoing conditions, or those of his contract bond, or of any other conditions that may be imposed upon him from time to time by the President of the Municipal Commission of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, shall render the said Contractor liable to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20 for each offence, or to his contract being annulled by the President.

15. The Veterinary Inspector shall inspect the Slaughter Houses daily between the hours of 6 and 7 a.m., and furnish a report to the President by 12 noon of the result of such inspection.

16. No carcass or any portion of a carcass of any Cattle, Sheep, Goat or Pig slaughtered outside the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore, shall be sold in any of the Municipal Markets, or any part of the said Station, by the owner, or person in possession thereof, without such carcass being first examined by the Veterinary Inspector and the prescribed fee being paid to the Contractor for the same; and whoever is found in possession of, or vending such carcass, or any portion thereof, in contravention of these provisions, shall be liable, on conviction, before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20.

17. Under the authority already granted by the President, the Veterinary Inspector shall issue Permits to any person applying for permission to slaughter Cattle, Sheep or Goats within the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore without license, or without payment of any fee, for the purpose of the following festivals, or religious ceremonies, as provided for in Section 180A. of the Bangalore Municipal Regulations of 1883, on such applicant furnishing sufficient grounds for the indulgence sought, and the Veterinary Inspector shall note in the Slaughter House Return, on each and every occasion that such permission is given, the name and residence of the person to whom a Permit has been issued, and the number of Cattle, Sheep or Goats allowed to be slgaughtered.

Dassara.—(Hindus only) one Sheep or Goat per house to any one individual or to any one member of a family, for two days only.

Akkika.—(Hindus or Mahomedans)—The ceremony connected with shaving the head of a child for the first time.

Male child—Two Sheep or Goats.
Female child—One Sheep or Goat.

Sadkha.—(Hindus or Mahomedans)—Vow by or for a sick person, Cattle, Sheep or Goat, not exceeding one of any description of Cattle, or four either of Sheep or Goats.

Mannath.—(Hindustani) or *Arkie* (Kanarese) (Hindus or Mahomedans)—In fulfilment of a vow made by or for a sick person, Cattle, Sheep or Goats, not exceeding one of any description of Cattle, or four either of Sheep or Goats.

Bakrid.—(Mahomedans only)—Camel, Cattle, Sheep or Goats, not exceeding one of any description of Cattle, or one Sheep or Goat, per head to any one individual, or to any one member of a family for three days.

The annual car procession of Moothialama (Hindus only)—One Sheep or Goat per house. Second day of Pongal or Sankarathri (Hindus only) one Sheep or Goat per house.

18. Any person who may require any number of Cattle, Sheep or Goats, for slaughter, in excess of that given for any of the purposes mentioned in the foregoing Section (17,) shall obtain a Permit from the Veterinary Inspector, and pay the prescribed fee to the Contractor, for such number in excess of that allowed. Whoever, without such Permit, and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any Cattle, Sheep or Goats, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs.20 for every such animal slaughtered, together with the amount of fee payable to the Contractor.

19. No Cattle, Sheep, Goat or Pig shall be slaughtered within the limits of the Civil and Military Station of Bangalore for the purpose of any ceremony on account of the prevalence of any epidemic, without a Permit being obtained from the Veterinary Inspector, on payment of the prescribed fee to the Contractor. Whoever, without such Permit, and without the payment of such fee, slaughters any animal for such purpose, shall be liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rupees 20 for every such animal slaughtered, together with the amount of fee payable to the Contractor.

H. M. S. MAGRATH,
President.